

## WOULD CHANGE SENATE RULES TO SAVE MONEY

At the instigation of Senator Wirtz, who is rapidly assuming the responsible job of "watchdog of the senate treasury," the upper house today decided to experiment with a reference committee, which will ascertain whether new bills have any merit before they shall be ordered printed.

The rules committee was authorized to present a resolution tomorrow which will bring the new feature into being. President Chillingworth heartily favored the idea, declaring that he believes this committee can save \$500 or \$600 per session to the senate.

The committee will consist of the chairman of the other committees and it will inaugurate a new system of handling measures as follows: On the introduction of a bill it will be read in full by the clerk on first reading, then sent to the reference committee. If that body decides, after receiving it that it deserves serious consideration, the committee will so recommend and the measure then will go to one of the other standing committees, in the present customary way.

The idea is that many bills which have absolutely no merit, which in fact even the introducers do not approve, will not be printed, entailing no actual waste. The president said the cost averages about \$5 or \$6 per bill, and that in at least six instances in the present session measures having so little merit that their introducers did not want to vote for them, had come before the senate, the purported "authors" appealing to him in private later to be excused from casting their ballot on them.

## TO SENTENCE CHAUFFEUR FOR DISOBEYING POLICE ORDER FRIDAY MORNING

Thomas Blackwell, a negro chauffeur charged with using profanity to Police Officer Almeida and refusing to obey the instructions of the police in operating an automobile near the Moiliili baseball park during the carnival week-end, will come before District Magistrate Monarrat for sentence on Friday morning.

The colored driver was accused by Dr. K. P. Li of failing to stop his machine when ordered to do so by the police. Officer Almeida testified that Blackwell had used vile language when cautioned about forming a car through a crowded thoroughfare. Almeida says that he received more profanity from him when he warned him that he would be arrested.

Traffic Officer Li practically substantiated the story told by Dr. Li and Officer Almeida. Before pronouncing sentence on Blackwell Judge Monarrat said he wanted to go more carefully into the existing traffic ordinance under which Blackwell had been prosecuted. Attorney Frank Thompson, representing the defendant, took occasion to say the ordinance "is as idiotic as it is harsh." It covers nothing," Thompson went on to say in scolding the regulation and those responsible for drafting it.

The next regular meeting of the Mothers' club of Kakaui will be held at Liliuokalani school at 2 p. m., Friday, March 12.

## Nervous Energy

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"There's a Reason"

## MEN OF HONOLULU UNDERTAKE TO FOSTER WORK FOR PACIFIC PEACE

### Y. M. C. A. Will Be Given Good Support in Its Plans for Broad Education

Education of the electorate, as the best solution of the race problem, and a resolution turning the education of prospective citizens over to the Y. M. C. A. was the expression of 70 leading citizens of Honolulu after listening to Dr. Shailer Mathews, Dr. Sidney L. Gulick, Dr. Doremus Scudder and others at the meeting in the University club last night.

The Y. M. C. A. will form a citizenship committee, which will include representatives from each of the races. It will formulate plans of teaching American ideals to all prospective citizens, whether born of alien parents or Americans. Classes and lectures by leading citizens will be held at central associations, the Japanese and Chinese associations, at some churches and young people's societies. The lectures will be printed and sent out to the districts which can not be reached by the work the first year.

The response on the part of those present at the meeting was a unanimous assent to back the movement. Dr. Gulick said Hawaii had a splendid opportunity to show the rest of the world how it can deal with the question which is felt stronger here than on the mainland, due to the small white population. Here the Orient meets the Occident, and the flowing together of racial groups can be demonstrated in Hawaii as nowhere else in the world, he said.

The importance of the problem in Hawaii was emphasized by all the speakers. On the mainland it is not difficult to assimilate the groups but here the groups are so large in proportion to Americans that it is now, at least, impossible to bring them all in contact with the American influence, it was pointed out.

Dr. Mathews spoke on his mission to Japan. He declared the problem with Japan was not one of immigration, as it is now harder to get out of that country than into this, but one of race discrimination. The Japanese as a nation feel insulted by the indignity put upon them by barring their people while admitting Europeans. They base their relations with the

United States upon the "gentlemen's agreement," and sincerely desire the friendship of America.

The problem was discussed frankly with Dr. Mathews by the Japanese leaders who will decide the matter for Japan, and as a result a better understanding was gained by both sides.

The willingness of the Japanese to be naturalized and become citizens of the United States was brought out by the personal experiences of some of the speakers. Dr. Scudder declared the mainland was watching how Hawaii faced the problem and in mentioning the desire on the part of the Japanese to be American citizens, said the new citizens would show that same loyalty to the American flag as the Hawaiians.

A. F. Griffiths spoke upon the Oriental citizens and gave some interesting statistics which prove the movement to be timely in view of the number to be eligible for citizenship within a few years.

W. R. Farrington said it is necessary to educate the electorate up to a point where prejudice will not influence the vote. He spoke strongly for same understanding and the holding of the American flag. W. R. Castle presided and called attention to the American duty to Japan made plain by the report of Dr. Mathews.

Among the speakers who presented the subject in varying aspects were C. A. Cottrell, Dr. S. D. Barnes, Rev. Akaho Akana and F. C. Atherton. Dr. Barnes today drew attention to a fact omitted from his speech last night, that the federal court provides booklets of information and instruction for prospective citizens.

Rev. Mr. Akana declared his belief in the wisdom and safety of the coming of good race stocks, though he deplored race-fighting unless it were known to be scientifically correct. He said that the problem should be faced with the spirit of true and broad Christianity. His address though impromptu was one of the most impressive of the evening.

F. C. Atherton emphasized the point that concrete action and definite plans are necessary to carry the spirit of the movement into accomplishment. Dr. Mathews left for the mainland on the Mongolia this morning. Dr. Gulick will remain here for some time. He will occupy the Central Union pulpit a week from Sunday morning.

## SUNDAY LABOR BILL REVIVED IN THE HOUSE

Representative Makaha succeeded in reviving his anti-Sunday labor bill and putting it through third reading today on a unanimous vote, with the amendments offered by Tavares and Crockett, exempting barber shops and fishermen from the provisions of the act, removed. Tavares introduced a new house bill allowing barber shops to remain open on Sunday anywhere in the Territory except in Honolulu and Hilo.

Tavares consented to have the barber shop amendment removed after his bill dealing on those institutions had been introduced and the debates therefor centered about Crockett's amendment to allow fishermen to pursue their trade on Sunday. Watkins arose and asked if Crockett had asked for the removal of the amendment, would cause his arrest if he, Watkins, were discovered fishing on the Sabbath.

"Sure, I admit I go fishing on Sunday, but I wouldn't like to be arrested," said Watkins. "How would you feel if you caught me in the act?"

"I'm on my way to church on a Sunday morning and if I should see you fishing, I'll turn my face the other way," replied Crockett. This sally brought a roar of laughter.

The amendment exempting fishermen was removed on a rising vote. It is believed that there is small chance of any bill being introduced to allow Honolulu barbers to keep their shops open on the Sabbath. The opening is opposed by all the barbers here.

## ATTORNEYS HIDE SCULLY-LEWIS LINE OF DEFENSE

Though the trial of John T. Scully and Henry B. Lewis on a charge of first degree robbery has been in progress three days before a jury in Circuit Judge Ashford's court, the nature of the defense that the accused men will endeavor to establish has not been disclosed.

The first witness for the prosecution, Chuan Chun, the Chinese who avers he was robbed of \$700 by Scully, Lewis and two others not yet caught by the police, furnished his testimony and cross-examination this morning. One of his Oriental companions, Ah Tim, was called to the witness stand and the remainder of the day was taken in receiving his version of the affair.

None of the defense's questioning seemed to indicate the kind of defense it will make.

An explosion on a power yacht in a small bay in South Carolina killed five of those on board.

## AMENDMENTS TO CURB BREWERY PASS IN SENATE

(Continued from page one)

gained the floor and stoutly took issue with the president.

"In the first place," he said, "I have not been derelict in my duty. I have reported to you, Mr. President, on this subject and the clerk's minutes of last Saturday's session will bear me out in this, I think.

"In the second place, I believe, as I said Saturday, that although the bill amending the 1915 revised laws passed the lower house before the revised laws came into effect, it will not affect the legality of the amending statutes. I have the opinion of the chief justice of the supreme court and of Judge W. F. Freer to support this contention."

The dispute ended in a friendly way when Castle added that his committee still had the subject under consideration and probably would later introduce something in the form of an "enabling" bill, that will set at rest any possible question as to the intent of the legislature in the measures hastily rushed through the house.

House bill No. 6, the measure which caused the trouble, was up for third reading. On Cole's motion it was referred back to the judiciary committee for further consideration.

With practically no discussion of their merit the amendments offered by Senator A. L. Castle to the brewery bill were adopted unanimously by the upper branch yesterday afternoon, and with their adoption the measure passed second reading. The bill will be up for third reading today or tomorrow, and judging from the sentiment expressed by the different solons will encounter no serious difficulty in going through the senate with promptness.

As it originated in the senate it must go to the house and receive favorable consideration by that body before passing up to the governor for his approving signature.

The two principal new features given the proposed franchise by the Castle amendments are those making the brewery's sales subject to the regulations of the Oahu liquor license commission as far as the commission can or does regulate the wholesale business, and making the brewery subject to prohibition laws affecting the territory.

The latter means that if prohibition is enforced at any time in the territory, either by territorial or federal legislation, the brewery will be automatically stopped from selling its product in Hawaii. If such law should prohibit the manufacture as well as sale of intoxicating liquor the brewery's business would come to an end; but if the statute should forbid only the sale of liquor the Honolulu concern might continue a more or less profitable manufacturing industry, depending on its ability to dispose of its product in Australasia or other distant countries.

The amendments as recommended by the senate committee of the whole and adopted were quoted in the committee report as follows: "Amend section 1 by striking out of line two the word and figures 'April 4, 1915,' and inserting in lieu thereof the words 'the date of the approval hereof,' and by adding a clause to said section 1 commencing after the word 'license' as follows, 'except as herein provided' so that said section as amended shall read as follows:

"Section 1. That said license of the Honolulu Brewing and Malting Company, Limited, is hereby extended and continued for a period of five years, from and after the date of the approval hereof subject to the same terms, conditions, provisions and penalties contained in said license, except as herein provided."

"Strike out present Section 2. Add a new paragraph to be known as Section 2, as follows: "Section 2. That all sales under this license shall be made subject to such reasonable regulations as the Board of License Commissioners of the island of Oahu shall make applicable to wholesale liquor licenses within its jurisdiction."

"Section 3. The legislature of the territory of Hawaii hereby reserves the right to amend, alter or cancel said license in any and all respects made subject to any and all legislative either territorial or federal, concerning or affecting the restriction or prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquors in said territory of Hawaii."

amendment to the territorial militia law, which would provide for a naval militia and national guard reserves. He said that there were many young men here who belong to boat clubs and whose whole interest was in the water. They were patriotic, but the national guard did not appeal to them and they should be given the opportunity of helping out the defense of their country on the sea.

President Farrington of the Ad club said that to him the most remarkable fact about Hawaii was that it never had a naval reserve.

"Here we are, a speck of land surrounded by tons of water," said he. "Our people are regular water dogs, and it is astounding that we have no naval reserve in our territorial establishment."

The musical feature of the program was supplied by Wright and Dietrich, now appearing at the Bijou. They are Mr. and Mrs. Wright in private life, and a duet followed by a solo by Mrs. Wright as an encore was a tremendous hit.

The roll call of the states brought out several witty speeches. C. M. Steele of Detroit included an amusing anecdote of the Michigan naval militia in a graceful speech of thanks for Hawaii's hospitality, and a tribute to the efficiency of the Honolulu Ad club.

## FAVOR MILITARY INSTRUCTION FOR BOYS OF HAWAII

(Continued from page one)

pense of the territory. The passage of the bill will do more than any other act to show the progressive patriotism of the Hawaiian people."

Predictions are being made freely about the house of representatives that the Holstein compulsory military service bill will pass the house by a large majority. That the bill will be returned by the military committee, to whom it probably will be referred as soon as printed and distributed, with the recommendation that it pass with minor amendments not affecting the main body of the bill practically is assured.

J. H. Coney, chairman of the house military committee, was outspoken when interviewed today, as also were two other members of the committee. "I haven't had time to digest thoroughly the contents of the bill," Coney remarked, "but I want to say that I am strongly in favor of a moderate form of compulsory military education and training. It is needed not only as a protection to the United States and the territory, but it is needed to afford some training and discipline for our young men. The bill, as I understand it, will work no hardship on anyone, as it calls for two hours a week for 11 months only and I have been informed that whenever possible the drills will be held in the evening."

Representative da Silva, another member of the committee, voiced the opinion that he believes in compulsory military service for all American citizens "not more closely allied and connected with a race or nation with whom the United States may at some future time go to war," as he expressed it. He said that if those who would have charge of the enforcement of the act would agree not to enforce it with regard to those he referred to in the above quotation, he would vote recommendation of passage.

Representative Kawewehi voiced nearly the same sentiments as da Silva's although he guarded his words carefully. Other members of the military committee refused to discuss the bill outside of the committee meetings. Coney said that prominent military leaders and the governor would be invited to the hearing on the bill and to express their views.

Nearly 400 passengers are on the way to San Francisco in two liners that steamed from Honolulu today. Crowds thronged the piers from which departed the Pacific Mail steamer Mongolia and the Matson liner Matsushima.

The Mongolia completed the discharge of 2500 tons of Oriental cargo late last night. The vessel carried 83 cabin, 44 second-class and 29 Asiatic steamer passengers booked at Honolulu through the agency of H. Hackfeld. A small amount of general cargo and island products was forwarded to the Coast in the liner. The Mongolia left the port with a record list of passengers, two score being turned away because of a lack of accommodation.

Departing from Pier 15 at 10 o'clock the Matsushima carried 193 cabin and 17 steamer passengers.

Hundreds of beautifully colored fish found in waters adjacent to the Hawaiian Islands were forwarded to the Panama-Pacific exposition in the Matsushima. In charge of Chief Engineer Kinsman, the fish were transported in seven specially constructed tanks. The receptacles are provided with taps for running water, while a desired quantity of oxygen will be added to the tanks by an ingenious method devised by Kinsman. The fish will be a feature in the exhibit at the Hawaii building. Great care will be taken to insure their reaching the Coast in good condition. A former shipment taken by the Matsushima resulted in the loss of less than ten fish out of a total of more than 500.

The Matsushima was loaded with 3500 tons of island cargo, mainly consisting of sugar. Other products amounting to 1100 tons included preserved pineapples, bananas and molasses in bulk.

The Mongolia and Matsushima were each given outgoing mail.

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NOTICE.

Hidalgó Plantation and Commercial Co.

A meeting of the shareholders of Hidalgó Plantation and Commercial Company will be held at the Bishop Trust Co.'s meeting room on Bethel street, Thursday, March 11, 1915, at 8 o'clock p. m. Matters of great importance relative to recent developments will be discussed and a full attendance is urgently requested. (Signed) PAUL R. ISENBERG, Chairman "Investigating Committee." 6167-Mar. 9, 10, 11.

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It is the purpose of this advertisement to put our proposition before responsible parties who might be interested in an investment in an active, growing concern now operating at a handsome profit. Arrange for a demonstration of this wonderful machine any day or evening.

Gross & Miller, Inc., agents. C. P. Crawford, special representative from the Coast, 202 Hawaiian Trust building, P. O. box 1130.—Adv.

## WEATHER TODAY

Honolulu, March 10, 1915.  
Temperature—6 a. m., 65; 8 a. m., 72; 10 a. m., 74; 12 noon, 75. Minimum last night, 64; barometer at 8 a. m., 30.06; relative humidity, 9 a. m., 61.  
Wind—5 a. m., NE 4; 8 a. m., NE 1; 10 a. m., SE 6; 12 noon, SW 9. Movement, past 24 hours, 143; dew-point at 8 a. m., 58; absolute humidity, 9 a. m., 5.190.  
Total rainfall during past 24 hours, none.

## ESCAPED PRISONER CAUGHT AT WAIALUA

Marcellino Seh, a Porto Rican who two weeks ago escaped from a prison gang at Kapiolani park, was today captured by a posse including High Sheriff William Jarrett, Deputy William Woods and Officer Fred Belmont. Seh said that he had spent most of the time while at liberty on the windward side of the island. He was found near Waiialua. Information received by the officers from field laborers led to the recapture of the prisoner. Seh offered no resistance when cornered in his hiding place.

The American steamer Matsushima sailed for Norfolk, Va., for Bremen with 6300 bales of cotton. The vessel was loaded under supervision of British inspectors and the hatches sealed with the British stamp.

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## ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Laui Company, Limited.

At the adjourned annual meeting of the stockholders of the Laui Company, Ltd., held at the office of the company, Hackfeld building, Honolulu, T. H., on Monday, March 8, 1915, the following directors and auditor were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

J. T. McCrossan, F. E. Thompson, Geo. Rodiek, J. F. C. Hagens, Cecil Brown, A. N. Campbell, Richard Ivers, directors; A. Haneberg, auditor. At a subsequent meeting of these directors the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: Cecil Brown, President. J. T. McCrossan, Vice-President. Geo. Rodiek, Treasurer. J. F. C. Hagens, Secretary. J. F. C. Hagens, Secretary.

6108-Mar. 10, 11, 12.

Kual Fruit and Land Co., Ltd.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Kual Fruit and Land Company, Limited, held Monday, Mar. 8, 1915, the following were elected officers and directors to serve for the ensuing year:

J. P. Cooke, President and Director. D. P. R. Isenberg, Vice-President and Director. J. Waterhouse, Treasurer and Director. John Guild, Secretary and Director. H. G. Dillingham, Director. D. B. Murdoch, Auditor. JOHN GUILD, Secretary.

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